THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE (SHRI SALMAN KHURSHEED) : (a) and (b) India's trade deficit during 1991-92 amounted to Rs. 3835 crores or US $ 1555 million the lowest in a decade. India's trade deficit during the first six months of the current financial year, i.e., April-September 1992 amounted to Rs. 7485 crores or US $ 2622 million. The higher trade deficit during the current financial year was largely due to the increase in imports. The imports during April-September 1992 increased by 51.4% in rupee terms or by 22.3% in dollar terms. In this connection, it may be mentioned that the increase in import is, to a great extent, to compensate for a severe import compression during the financial year 1990-91 due to critical balance of payments situation.

(c) The figures of trade deficit month-wise during the period March-September 1992, along with the figures for the corresponding months of 1991 are given below:

(Value : Rs. crores)

Month	Trade Deficit	
	1991	1992
March	—198	+59
April	+105	—1244
May	—319	—1501
June	—825	—1765
July	—56	—1606
August	—419	—445
September	—301	—1035

Ban on the Export of Sandalwood

572. SHRI B. K. HARIPRASAD : Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state :

(a) whether Government are aware that thousands of skilled traditional handicraft workers have been rendered jobless due to ban on export of sandalwood; and

(b) whether Government are also aware of the fact that considerable stocks of sandalwood have accumulated with the Government of Karnataka which will rot and go waste if the ban is not lifted immediately which will also hit the export trade and markets and the cottage industry?

THE DBPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE (SHRI SALMAN KHURSHEED) : (a) No, Sir. The export of sandalwood only in raw-form, namely, in the form of logs & billets, chips, flakes, dust, .powder, pulp, charcoal, roots, shaving & bark is banned. Export of Sandalwood *items* i.e. Handicrafts and Maebiac-made products, etc. •as allowed as pac the new Exim Policy for 1993-97 subject so inidiment of sar this cradit loss of value addition, maximum weight, etc. As such, the question of skilled traditional Handicraft workers being rendered jobless docs not arise as exports of handicrafts continue to. be permissible. Moreover the ban ensures that there is adequate supply of sandalwood to skilled traditional handicrafts workers.

(b) As mentioned at (a) above, there is a large domestic market and handicrafts and other finished products are allowed for exports. As such the available stocks can be utilised for value added finished products which will benefit the market and cottage industry and also boost export of finished products.

Expansion of leather industry

573. SHRI SURESH KALMADI : Will. the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state :

(a) whether it is a fact that Government propose to take steps for massive capacity expassion of leather industry in the country; and

(b) if so, the details thereof and the expectaint results therefrom?